

ADVANCE IN CAUSE OF PEACE

PROF. WM. I. HULL OF SWATH-
MORE COLLEGE ADDRESSES
NATIONAL CONGRESS.

SUMMARY OF WORK AT HAGUE

PERMANENT COURT SETTLES
FOUR IMPORTANT INTERNA-
TIONAL DIFFERENCES.

TO INEVITABLY RULE FUTURE

CIVILIZED WORLD LOOKS TO
AMERICA TO FURTHER IN-
TERESTS OF PEACE.

Chicago, May 4. — "The Advance Registered by the two Hague Conferences," was the subject of the address of Prof. William I. Hull of Swarthmore college, Pennsylvania, at today's session of the second national peace congress. The speaker said that the Hague conferences are to international law what the industrial revolution of the 18th and 19th centuries was to human industry, or what the rise of the American republic was to human government.

"The civilized world," said he, "in common with our own country, has made use of many instrumentalities in its great ascent towards international peace and justice; but the greatest of them all I believe to have been the two conferences at The Hague. For these conferences, like the great heroes or institutions of history, embodied in themselves nearly all the instrumentalities, which have been achieving for the world its renowned victories of peace."

Prof. Hull gave a summary of the work of the Hague conferences, and continued:

"The institution established by the conferences at The Hague which stands out pre-eminent in the mind of the nations, is the permanent court of arbitration. This pre-eminence is deserved; for, although this institution is not truly permanent nor is it a genuine court, yet it is the pioneer of its race and has already proved itself of incalculable utility, having settled four important international differences and attracted six others into the path towards peaceful solution. A national observance of international law and obedience to international justice cannot fail greatly to strengthen individual observance of and obedience to national law and justice. The advance registered, then, by the permanent court of arbitration and the admiral code of procedure adopted for it, is of profound significance upon both the national and the international scale.

"The court of arbitral justice, although not set in operation by the second conference constitutes the international promised land of the world today. Not only will the idea of such a court henceforth stand behind the wrong of warfare, but it will inevitably rule the future.

"Two great Americans, Elihu Root and Joseph H. Choate, were the Moses and Aaron who led the second conference into the paths toward this promised land; the conference as the result of infinite toil has led the world across the desert to the Jordan; and now it is the growing hope of the civilized world that Philander Chase Knox will be the Joshua who will take it across that one last river—the difficulty, namely, as to the appointment of the judges.

"Looking back upon this brief summary of the work of the two Hague conferences, we must admit that the past at least is secure. The alleviation and prevention of many of warfare's former horrors, its restriction with narrow limits, the protection of non-combatants and neutrals from its ravages, the assertion of principles and the establishment of practices for its prevention and for the enforcement of justice; such were the great

achievements of these two epoch-making events in the world's history. There they stand in all their undying lustre, so that he who runs may see that they have afforded to the peace-workers of our time a new and positive program, on which every true believer in international peace, of no matter what complexion his belief may be, can find room and opportunity for labor, and whose realization will not only make present armaments as obsolete as would a fleet of airships, but will at least usher in a reign of law and justice within that "no man's land" of international relations."

Caught After Thirty Years.

Fredrick, Okla., May 4. — On the charge of having murdered a railroad foreman in Texas 30 years ago, John Adams, working here as a day laborer, was arrested today. Although he had eluded capture, he has served two penitentiary terms meanwhile in Texas and Arkansas.

Eight Barges Sink.

New Haven, Conn., May 4. — Four persons were drowned and a total of eight barges were lost during a fierce storm last night off Faulkner's island. The news was brought to this city by a tug.

SON OF JAPAN DENIED RIGHT OF CITIZENSHIP

Norfolk, May 4. — Federal Judge Waddill of the United States court of Virginia, today denied the petition of Nanyo Besho, former "chief steward" of the American navy for naturalization. Besho is a Japanese and claimed the right of citizenship because of having served honorably in the navy and holds an honorable discharge. The court held, however, that under the federal statute only persons of white blood or of African descent or nativity, can become American citizens even though he has seen service in the navy or army.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMAN ON STAND FOR HAINS

Freshing, N. Y., May 4. — Emil Hess, an automobile salesman who formerly had a garage in Brooklyn, was a witness in the trial of Captain Peter C. Hains, Jr., this morning. He said Captain Hains came to him last June and asked what he knew of Annis and Mrs. Hains. Hess told him Mrs. Hains called him late one night, to come and get her car. Hess offered to take Mrs. Hains but she refused to go home at "such an hour." The witness said Mrs. Hains and Annis frequently came to the garage together.

FIFTY DOLLARS RAISED HERE FOR LINCOLN FARM

The Lincoln Farm association committee of this city succeeded in raising the sum of \$50 for the purpose of aiding in the work of developing the Lincoln birthplace farm into a national park. A check for this amount was sent to the general manager of the association by the local committee, which consists of A. H. Whitmore, Jefferson Reynolds, John Shank, Dr. W. R. Tipton, Capt. John A. Ross, Supt. Rufus Mead, W. G. Haydon, H. G. Coors, Jr., George Kinzel and J. H. Stearns. The following letter was received in acknowledgment:

Mr. John A. Ross, E. Las Vegas, N. M.

April 28.—Dear Sir: Your work in behalf of this association has been of such an exceptional character that I wish to extend to you and the other members of your committee, a most cordial expression of our appreciation. If members evinced the same spirit of unselfish patriotic co-operation, the great work of the Lincoln national park would soon be finished. The names of the contributors secured by you have been entered on our records, and the certificates and acknowledgments will be forwarded at the earliest possible date.

Again thanking you for your valued assistance and generous co-operation, we remain, "to the memory of Lincoln," faithfully yours,

THE LINCOLN ASS'N.
By F. E. Pierce, Gen. Mgr.

WANTS WOOL RESOLUTION ON FREE LIST STIRS UP STRIFE

SENATOR DOLLIVER ATTACKS
SCHEDULES OF PRESENT
TARIFF BILL.

DESIRES DUTY OFF COTTON

IOWAN DELIVERS ONE OF MOST
NOTABLE SPEECHES PRESEN-
TED THIS SESSION.

OPENLY ATTACKS ALDRICH

DECLARES THAT HE CANNOT BE
CONVICTED OF TREACHERY
TO PROTECTIVE TARIFF.

Washington, May 4.—Attacking the wool and cotton schedules of the pending tariff bill, as containing deceptive provisions, increasing the rates of duty on many articles, containing but a trifling quantity of wool, Senator Dolliver of Iowa today delivered one of the most notable speeches presented in the senate since revision of the tariff has been under discussion. A considerable portion of his remarks were addressed directly to Senator Aldrich, chairman of the finance committee.

"If I speak the truth," said Dolliver, "if I deal with things as they are, I suggest to the senator from Rhode Island, that it will not be an adequate answer to reproach me with the errors of my youth or disparage me because in other years I followed in the footsteps of the party leaders."

Referring to a recent exchange of words with Aldrich, Dolliver said: "If the senator intends to humiliate me by my course, as dictated by political conditions at home, he unintentionally pays me a compliment because this nation has entered upon a new era of responsibility on the part of presidents and congress alike."

Referring to the tariff act passed, the senator said:

"Is it possible that a man, because he voted for the Allison tin plate act in 1889, and heard poor McKinley dedicate the first tin plate mill in America, can be convicted in this chamber, of treachery to protective tariff, if he desires that a schedule be examined, after seeing a feeble enterprise in 1890 grown within a single decade to the full measure of this market place, organized into great corporations, over-capitalized into a speculative trust and at length unloaded on the United States Steel company, with a rakeoff to the promoters sufficient to buy the Rock Island system."

Borah Wants Income Tax.

Resuming his speech on the income tax amendment to the pending tariff bill, Senator Borah insisted upon the constitutionality of the income tax. He contended that the principle of the income tax applies to the inheritance tax, which is either a tax on real estate or one right to take real estate. If one unconstitutional, another equally.

ACTION OF CONGRESSMAN MUR-
PHY OF KANSAS BRINGS
STORM OF PROTESTS.

AN INVESTIGATION WELCOME

JUDGE McPHERSON STATES T
HE IS WILLING TO HAVE
CONDUCT EXAMINED.

SAYS PHILLIPS WAS WRONGED

HAD NOTHING WHATEVER TO DO
WITH THE HEARING OF RE-
CENT RATE CASES.

St. Louis May 4.—Frank Hagerman, the leading attorney for the railways in the fight over railway rates in Missouri, today telegraphed Attorney General Wickersham to protest against the resolution presented by Congressman Murphy, calling for an investigation of Judges McPherson and Phillips as to their conduct in the rate hearings. He says the records will clear any doubt of the judges' actions and says that state officials publicly disavow any knowledge of Murphy's actions.

Judge Smith McPherson of the United States circuit court, issued a long statement here today, regarding the charges made by Congressman Murphy, against the actions of McPherson and Judge Phillips in the rate cases. McPherson said he would welcome an investigation if any congressman besides Murphy desired it. He said Phillips had been wronged as he had nothing to do with the rate cases.

To Establish Airship Line.

Stuttgart, Germany, May 4.—At a meeting today of the Wurttemberg Aerial Navy league a representative of Count Zeppelin declared that a company has been formed in connection with the Zeppelin Airship Construction company, to undertake to fly a regular line of airships from Lucca to Friedrichshafen to Northern Germany. It is hoped to open for traffic next year.

FOUR PEOPLE ARRESTED FOR SMUGGLING TRUNKS

New York, May 4.—Four arrests were made today by United States Marshal Henkel on charges growing out of the seizure of smuggled trunks at this port a year ago. The persons arrested are George White, dealer in dressmakers' supplies; Lorne B. Walker, a former employee of the customs department; W. H. Kilgannon, a salesman, and Elizabeth, his wife. The arrests are not connected with the seizure of \$25,000 worth of goods recently. Walker pleaded guilty and was remanded. The others pleaded not guilty and are held under \$5,000 bail.

RUBBERWEED CAUSES SHEEPMEN OF SOUTHWEST HEAVY LOSSES

Albuquerque, N. M., May 4.—For several years past the sheepmen of the southwest have suffered serious losses from a disease known among the Mexican herders as "pingue."

"Pingue" is popularly supposed to be caused by eating either the leaves or roots of a plant which has in the last few years been quite prominent in the public eye as the "rubber plant" or "rubber weed."

Whether this plant is a true rubber plant or not is a matter which does not interest the sheepmen so much as some remedy for the sickness

that follows its eating by the sheep. On the Carson national forest in New Mexico, Forest Ranger Bert Phillips, in whose district a great many sheep had recently died from pingue, after making a study of the sickness, suggested to the sheepmen whose animals were dying with it, that drenches of hot water and salt might prove efficacious.

The materials for the remedy were so quickly obtained that several of the owners gave the plan a trial. The sick sheep were drenched every hour with liberal doses of the mixture with

the result that animals which before drenching were unable to stand, were, inside of twenty-four hours, eating and running about with the rest of the herd apparently as well as ever.

While the government experts have not yet made a study of this disease or given the suggested remedy official sanction, the remedy itself is so apparently harmless and unobjectionable, that considering the results obtained by its use, there seems to be no possible danger in giving it full publicity. The sheepmen can, in this manner give it more extended trials and possibly save themselves from the serious losses which the eating of this weed by the stock has heretofore caused.

The disease will be carefully studied and the results of administering this remedy watched with a view of correcting any errors in its use should it not prove of as great value as is expected. Meantime every sheepman whose sheep are sick or dying from pingue will, no doubt, be only too eager to give this simple remedy of hot water and salt drenches, every hour, a good trial, because the annual losses have been serious ones for the flockmasters of the southwest where the disease or sickness appears to be the most prevalent at the present time.

APPEAL TO REASON EDITOR IN COURTS

Fort Scott, Kan., May 4.—The trial of Fred Warren, manager of The Appeal to Reason, a socialist paper at Girard, Kan., on a charge of violating the postal regulations, was begun today. Former Governor Taylor of Kentucky, will be a witness for the prosecution. It is alleged that Warren sent out his paper in wrappers, bearing in red type an offer of a reward of \$1,000 for the return of Governor Taylor to Kentucky. It is said that the offer was suggested by the taking of Meyer and Haywood from Denver to Idaho for trial.

TO SELL JUDGMENT FOR FIVE MILLIONS

Cincinnati, May 4.—The last vestige of the once famous Cincinnati case, the collapse of the Fidelity National bank and the fall of E. L. Harper and others, who attempted to corner the wheat market, will be cleaned up May 17, when a \$5,000,000 judgment against Harper will be offered for sale by the receiver of the bank. Harper speculated on the Chicago board and failed to run a corner in wheat. He served several years in the penitentiary for using the funds of the bank to bolster up trades. Many thousands were plunged into despair when the crash came.

Finley Returns Home.

Williamsburg, Ky., May 4.—Charles Finley, former secretary of state, pardoned by Governor Willson for alleged complicity in the Geibel murder, returned home today and was accorded a reception. There was a touching scene at the home of the aged father and mother who had been waiting for their son for nine years.

GOTCH DEFEATES REIMER IN TWO STRAIGHT FALLS

Des Moines, Ia., May 4. — Frank Gotch, world's champion wrestler, last night defeated Jess Reimer of Des Moines, in two straight falls, 18-3-4 and 15 minutes respectively.

The first fall was conceded by Reimer after Gotch had almost broken his leg with a toe hold. The second fall came after some spectacular sparring in which Reimer succeeded in staying behind Gotch half the time and breaking six different holds.

Dr. B. F. Roller of Seattle, refereed. "Farmer" Burns, George Turner, Lawrence Piergue and Chris Prierson and Emil Pierson and Emil Klank, were among the wrestlers present. Arrangements were made after the match, for a finish bout between Dr. Roller and Reimer here in July.

Twenty Injured In Wreck.

St. Paul, Minn., May 4. — Great Northern passenger train No. 3 ran into a light engine at Delano, Minn., last night and in the wreck two coaches burned and twenty passengers were seriously injured.

TURKS TRADE GIRLS FOR HORSES

AUTHENTIC DETAILS COMING IN
OF ATROCITIES COMMITTED
BY FANATICS.

COUNTRY MADE WILDERNESS

WHOLE FAMILIES BURNED IN
HOMES AND WOMEN AND
GIRLS MALTREATED.

TERRIBLE DESIRE TO KILL

VICTIMS BROUGHT OUT AND
SHOT WHILE BYSTANDERS
CLAP THEIR HANDS.

Tarsus, Asiatic Turkey, May 4.—Authentic details of the atrocities committed by fanatical Mohammedans in this district are now coming in with sickening abundance. The worst particulars cannot be printed, but there now is no doubt that 10,000 lost their lives and many persons put the death list as high as 25,000.

Many villages, containing from five to six hundred inhabitants were actually wiped out and in one town of 4,000 people, only 100 are left and they are nearly all women and children. The same thing with farms in the fertile valleys. Even Greeks and Syrians were struck down. Whole families were burned in their homes and the girls and women maltreated and carried off to harems. At one place one hundred Armenians surrendered. They were taken in an open field and shot down.

Young Turks around Tarsus today are trading Armenian girls for horses and repeating rifles. Never has there been evidenced such a desire to kill as has been seen in the last ten days. In many instances victims were brought out and shot, the bystanders clapping their hands at each succeeding murder. Meantime the Moslems are pasturing their horses and cattle in the green crops of the Armenian villages.

Adana, May 4.—Adana is still lawless. More people were killed yesterday. Thirty thousand are dead in Adana province as a result of the massacres and thirty-five thousand homeless refugees are wandering into the vilayet.

TOM LAWSON TO WORK SANTA RITA MINES

Boston, Mass., May 4.—Thomas W. Lawson, Albert C. Burrage, Albert S. Bigelow and associates have organized the Process Copper company, which proposes to purchase at par the entire capital stock of the Santa Rita Land and Mining company, operating in New Mexico. It is understood to be the intention of the promoters to issue \$3,000,000 eight per cent bonds, convertible into 8 per cent preferred stock. The purchase is to be made and the bonds offered to some 55,000 investors which Mr. Lawson has on his list. The \$3,000,000 common stock goes to Mr. Lawson and Mr. Burrage, who propose to erect at Santa Rita a plant with a capacity of treating 2,000 tons of copper ore daily. The plant is to be run under a new process which Mr. Lawson and his associates have been developing at an experimental plant located at Bayonne, N. J. Mr. Lawson will offer these bonds at par and subscribers have proportionate right to participate in a further issue up to \$30,000. The Santa Rita company has \$300,000 cash in treasury, which goes to the new company.

Explosion Injures Seven.

Pittsburg, May 4.—An explosion of powder 2,000 feet underground in the Arona mine of the Keystone Coal company in West Moreland county, seriously injured seven miners and caused a panic among 2,000 others.